(XLIst YEAR.) THE (No. 2027.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 17, 1785.

ALGIERS, *June 7.*

THE bey of Conſtantine made his public entry into this place on the 14th of laſt month, and was confirmed in his dignity by the dey. The bey at the ſame time brought the tribute which he is obliged to pay our regency, which conſiſted of 300,000 piaſtres, and which were brought by 50 mules, beſides which he diſtributed 15,000 chequins among the different officers of the government. The Venetians have alſo paid their annual tribute of 3,500 ducats, and they have at the ſame time liquidated the preſents for the conſulſhip, which remained due and were valued at about the ſame ſum. This will preſerve peace between this regency and the Venetians.

CONSTANTINOPLE, *July 4.* The new mufti has prohibited the reading of foreign gazettes and news-papers, in whatever language they may be written, under very ſevere penalties. A ſimilar order was publiſhed under the adminiſtration of the grand vizier, who was lately beheaded.

LISBON, *Aug. 1.* Two large Algerine frigates of 36 guns, and full of men, were ſeen within four leagues of this place cruiſing, and have ſtopped ſeveral ſhips which were not under Engliſh colours, and taken two large ſhips that bore American colours, and ſent them up to Algiers. They have been out ſix weeks, and during that time made five valuable prizes without meeting with any reſiſtance.

PARIS, *Aug. 16.* France has ſcarcely ever been viſited with ſuch a variety of ſtorms, as in the laſt ſix weeks; the rain has fallen in torrents, the hail was very large and heavy, and the lightning tremendous, the thunder moſt awful, and the guſts of wind equal to winter gales in the worſt ſeaſons. The harveſt is likely to ſuffer much. In many places moſt violent inundations have taken place, particularly in Piccardy.

LONDON, *July 30.*

The duc de Mallebois has, by well timed liberalities among the Dutch ſoldiery, found means to appeaſe all the national indiſpoſition to his command. He is becoming already rather popular.

To deliver this country immediately from the weight of taxes which preſs upon the very means of ſupplying the exigencies of the ſtate, is beyond the power of wiſdom, but to leſſen them by every poſſible exertion, is the indiſpenſable duty of any miniſter who lays claim to common honeſty or humanity. The ordinary and extraordinary charge of government muſt be ſuited to the calamitous ſtate of the commonwealth. The monopoly of American trade is loſt. A great part of the local trade of the kingdom is about to be transferred to Ireland; and foreign commerce of every ſpecies is now turned into various channels. It follows, then, that every branch of the revenue ought to be ſtrictly ſcrutinized, every account inſpected, every balance called in, every uſeleſs office and ſuperannuated officer ſhould be ſuppreſſed, every article of parade and oſtentation ſhould be extinguiſhed; the pomps and vanities of this infatuated, yet repenting iſland, ſhould be renounced. No individual, however elevated by birth, or favoured by the ſmiles of royalty, ſhould, by dint of an over grown enormous ſalary, by holding a plurality of places, or a penſion, have power to inſult the community at large, by an oſtentatious parade in contraſt to their poverty.

A Caution. There has lately been brought into circulation, a great number of counterfeit half guineas, of George III. made of copper, gilt. They are eaſily known by weighing, being much lighter, and look freſher than the real half guineas.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Virginia, to his friend in London, March 6.

"I arrived in this ſtate on the third of January, after a paſſage of ſix weeks, during which we had ſeveral very ſevere gales of wind, but ſuſtained no injury either to ſhip or cargo; from the information I have received, ſince my arrival here, I am happy to inform you, that the cargo is very well adapted to this market, and from the offers already made me, have no doubt but our expectations will be fully accompliſhed. I have viſited moſt of the commercial towns in the ſtate, and have at length determined, for a variety of reaſons, to become an inhabitant of Richmond, which is the capital of the ſtate. The convenience of this ſituation to the tobacco trade, and the vaſt extent of back country which can only be ſupplied with neceſſaries from this town, are two of the reaſons which have induced me to enter into this determination; on this and other private ſubjects you ſhall be farther informed by next opportunity.

"This country, my friend, wants nothing but the hand of art to render it the moſt valuable of any belonging to the terreſtial globe. Nature has ſurely been uncommonly bountiful in her gifts here, every of her works ſeem to throw open to him who views it, a degree of perfection, peculiar to this alone.

"The hand of art ſeems hitherto to have been employed with feebleneſs and inactivity; but now the inhabitants are ſenſible of the advantages their country poſſeſſes, appear determined to render as perfect and refined as poſſible, thoſe gifts which nature has thus liberally beſtowed. Before my arrival in this country, I had formed an opinion of its inhabitants very different indeed, from that which I now poſſeſs; I was ever taught to believe, by the language of my country, that they were ſavages both in diſpoſition and manner, but with ſurpriſe and aſtoniſhment, I found them very converſant, in all thoſe refined manners and politeneſs, which a London or a Paris themſelves may poſſeſs. Humanity and benevolence are two principles, which ſeem to be riveted in the boſoms of every Virginian—the benefits of theſe principles, I have repeatedly experienced ſince my arrival here.

"The ladies in this country not only poſſeſs an uncommon ſhare of beauty and elegance, but alſo a degree of modeſty and virtue, rarely to be met with in other countries; the ſweetneſs and livelineſs of diſpoſition, which they poſſeſs, together with the powers of their underſtanding, not only render them agreeable companions, but alſo inſtructing in all the arts of converſation itſelf.

"The commercial men in this country complain much of the injuries they have ſuffered, in conſequence of the mode adopted in Europe for the public vending of their tobacco; many, it appears, have become bankrupts in conſequence of that eſtabliſhment."

Aug. 1. The dey of Algiers, who is one of the moſt enterpriſing men in the world, is forming artificial ports, the piers of which are to be ſhut up by gates, and fortified, by building on thoſe piers redoubts and batteries, commanding an entrance into the harbours. The number of veſſels launched to depredate on the Spaniſh trade, are incredible.

The laſt letters from the coaſt of Africa mention, that there has been a fever among the natives there, which has carried off thirty or forty in a day, but had partly ſtopt, owing to a gentleman from America, who had found out a remedy to cure it.

Aug. 9. The following inſtance of family longevity is, perhaps, as remarkable as any ever made known to the public: There is now living at Richmond, in Surry, a maiden lady, of the name of Eccles, who on the ſecond of laſt May, completed her 105th year; ſhe eats and drinks as heartily as at any period of her life, and has her faculties in as great perfection; ſhe can read the ſmalleſt print without ſpectacles, and her employment now is, in finiſhing a fine curious piece of needle-work ſhe has been ſome months about. Her father lived to the age of 137; her ſiſter died about three years ago, aged 104; and there is no recollection of any relation ſhe ever had, dying at a leſs age than 90.

Aug. 13. The Americans have made a contract with their good and great ally, the French king, to ſupply that power with all the ſpermaceti oil which they can procure; and to encourage the American fiſhery, we underſtand that Paris is to be in future lighted with American, inſtead of vegetable oil. This is the only article of American produce which we ſhould have diſcouraged for the ſake of our own fiſhery. The Americans, in conſequence of this contract, have ſent twenty-five ſhips to the ſouthern whale fiſhery, and we have only ſent ſeven.

Aug. 26. All the members of the cabinet are ſent for to town, to attend the king in council to-morrow at St. James's, on affairs of importance.

Aug. 31. At a meeting of the Surry magiſtrates yeſterday, it being the time of renewing licences, there was much converſation on the balloon buſineſs, and ſome thoughts of ſtopping the proofs of intrepidity among the clouds in the county of Surry. Their worſhips, however, did not come to any determination on the matter, though they expreſſed a ſtrong deſire to put an end to atmoſpherical travelling.

Sept. 3. A gentleman, we are informed, has long practiſed the uſe of hay ſoup for his horſes with great ſucceſs, and they have thriven much better upon it than on grains, and even preferring it to the fineſt ſpring water, upon repeated trials. This gentleman has lately made a diſcovery that may prove uſeful in huſbandry; the unkind ſeaſon for turneps laſt year, occaſioned him to ſow a field ſeveral times before he got any plant; what turneps were got, he led off by Chriſtmas, and wheat was then planted on the ſame land, and it is apprehended that a conſiderable quantity of the turnep ſeed that did not vegetate in due time, was nurſed and cheriſhed through the winter, (ſevere as it was) there being now growing with the wheat a very fair crop of turneps, many of which weigh ſix or ſeven pounds a piece. Some little difficulty, it is ſuppoſed, will ariſe in cutting the wheat, to prevent damage to the leaves of the turneps, but it is believed, a particular kind of ſickle, which he has invented, and cauſed to be made under his own direction, will anſwer the intended purpoſe of harveſting the wheat without in the leaſt injuring the turnep tops; and it is expected, that this accidental diſcovery will prove ſo uſeful as to attract the notice of thoſe who wiſh for improvements in agriculture.

NEWBURY-PORT, *October 19.*

Laſt week an improvement was made by Mr. Mulliken of this town, on Mr. Willard's patent clock-jacks: he conſtructed one to run with a ſpring, inſtead of the weight, whereby that uſeful machine is rendered more portable, and will go a longer time without winding, than the common ones with a weight, and will carry round an equal quantity of meat.

NEW-YORK, *November 2.*

We are informed, that about twenty of the epiſcopal clergy, joined by delegates of lay gentlemen from a number of the congregations in ſeveral of the ſouthern ſtates, lately aſſembled in convention at Chriſt-Church, Philadelphia, reviſed the liturgy of the church of England (adapting it to the late revolution) expunged ſome of the creeds, reduced the thirty-nine articles to twenty in number, and agreed on a letter, addreſſed to the archbiſhops and ſpiritual court in England, deſiring they would be pleaſed to obviate any difficulties that might ariſe on application to them, for conſecrating ſuch reſpectable clergy as ſhould be appointed and ſent to London from their body, to act as biſhops on the continent of America, where there is at preſent only one prelate dignified with epiſcopal powers, viz. the right reverend Dr. Samuel Seabury, biſhop of the apoſtolical church in the ſtate of Connecticut. Hitherto Mr. Pitt, the Britiſh miniſter has vehemently oppoſed all applications preferred for conſecration to ſees in America: this diſcouragement occaſioned biſhop Seabury to ſecure his conſecration from three of the biſhops in Scotland, which proves as perfectly valid and efficient, as though obtained from the hands of the right reverences of Canterbury, York, and London: and is inconteſtibly proved by a liſt of the conſecration and ſucceſſion of Scots biſhops ſince the revolution in 1688, under William the third. For the particulars of which, vide an addreſs of the epiſcopal clergy to the right reverend biſhop Seabury, publiſhed about a month ago.

The brig Betſey, Thompſon, that ſailed from this port on the 19th of July, arrived ſafe at Cadiz the 24th of Auguſt. She was chaſed by an Algerine, but eſcaped by out-ſailing her.

Laſt Sunday arrived in town from England, by way of Boſton, Mr. Ralph Earl, a native of Maſſachuſetts; he has paſſed a number of years in London under thoſe diſtinguiſhed and moſt celebrated maſters in painting, Sir Joſhua Reynolds, Mr. Weſt, and Mr. Copley. This gentleman now propoſes to enter upon his profeſſion in this city, where a ſpecimen of his abilities may be ſeen on calling at Mr. Rivington's, No. 1, Queen-ſtreet.

PHILADELPHIA, *November 4.*

The ſhip Rambler, captain M'Comb, arrived at Beverly, N. E. the 22d ult. in 54 days from Cadiz. As he was going into the laſt mentioned port, on his outward bound paſſage from Beverly, he was met by two Algerine galliots, from one of which he was hailed, and aſked where he was from, and what was his cargo? He anſwered, from Corke, and laden with Newfoundland fiſh. The Algerine then told him to ſhow his colours, when, having Engliſh ones, he immediately hoiſted them. This proving ſatisfactory to the pirates, they ſuffered him to proceed, without boarding him.

Extract of a letter (received by captain M'Comb) from a merchant in Cadiz, to a gentleman in Beverly, dated Auguſt 25 1785.

"You no doubt have heard of the havock done upon our coaſts, by the Algerines, ſince the truce between them and the Spaniards. A brig from Boſton, to this place, laden with flour and lumber, has, I underſtand, been carried into Algiers; and a ſhip belonging to New-York, homeward bound from Liſbon, with ſalt, and taken off the Weſtern Iſlands, has likewiſe been ſent here, a prize to one of their cruiſers. Captain M'Comb I hope may be fortunate enough in not falling in with any of them, particularly as he goes ſo far under the protection of a Portugueſe man of war and a frigate, which have come here to convoy ſome of their ſhips, detained here."

We are informed that the New York ſhip, mentioned in the above extract, was drove aſhore by the Algerines, on a ſmall iſland, at the entrance of the ſtraits, where they left her. She was afterwards taken poſſeſſion of by a number of Spaniards, got off, and ſo them carried into Cadiz. The information therefore, of her being ſent into that port as a prize to an Algerine cruiſer, is ſuppoſed to be a miſtake.

An Engliſh veſſel, carried into Algiers on ſuſpicion of being an American, and there releaſed, arrived at Cadiz the day before captain M'Comb ſailed. The captain informed, that a ſchooner, captain Smith, from Boſton, and a brig from ſome other port on the continent; were carried into Algiers, and the crews ſold at auction, before he ſailed.

Extract of a letter from Dunkirk, July 21.

"Some ſailors belonging to a veſſel arrived here from the North Sea, give an account that ſeveral leagues from land, they ſaw a ſtrange appearance of ſomething floating like a large quantity of ſea-weed; in a little while it ſunk, and cauſed a vaſt ſwell. Relating this affair to an intelligent ſeafaring gentleman here, he himſelf aſſerted, that near Stockholm he a few ſummers ago perceived a kind of floating iſland, which ſoon diſappeared, but was afterwards ſeen further off, as it moved, a prodigious ſwell enſued. Mentioning the circumſtance at Stockholm, he was informed that what he had ſeen was a ſea animal, and that the fiſhermen, at the bearings of certain points, had ſeen him riſe, and were obliged to row off, till they got into proper ſoundings. A gentleman being among ſome rocks, ſounding the coaſts, beheld ſomething riſe in the ſea, which appeared like an iſland, and then diſappeared.

"Some people here give credit to this ſtory of the ſailors. It is certain that lord Rodney went once in purſuit of an iſland, which vaniſhed, and which was ſuppoſed by ſome learned men to be an animal mentioned in the natural hiſtory of Norway."

Nov. 7. The great variety of accounts from the different parts of the new ſettled country we ward, lays a correſpondent, demonſtrate the many perils and dangers which the adventurers have and are continually experiencing. The ſavages ſeem not even to hint at a

declared opposition to the new settlers, but appear to be in general of a peaceful disposition; they are, however, as deceitful as barbarous, for the very party that professes the greatest friendship to-day, will burn your house and murder you to-morrow. It is thought upon the whole, that as their numbers increase, they will be able to defy the plundering parties; and by their laudable industry in cultivating the rich and fertile soil of the western hemisphere, will change its prospect from a savage wilderness, to a civilised field that shall blossom like the rose.

By a letter from Worcester in Massachusetts, of the 28th of October, we learn, that two vessels arrived at Boston from London. These vessels brought but few goods, which is a circumstance by no means to be regretted by the inhabitants of that commonwealth. For the fewer foreign debts we contract, the less money will be drawn from us to make payment; and not only that state, but the United States in general, are sufficiently drained of their circulating cash, which has gone to pay, in great part, for articles of luxury that this country would have done better to have been without. We have much land to cultivate—but a few articles for foreign exports. That people whose imports exceed their exports cannot grow rich, they must look for poverty and ruin, which will inevitably be the consequence.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Cadix, to a merchant in New-York, dated August 22, 1785.

"Two American ships have been taken by the Algerines within this twelve or fourteen days. One of them a ship from St. Ubes for Boston, taken well to the westward; the other a ship from Bolton for this port, captured on this coast. The former of which the Turks a few nights ago ran on shore, a few leagues from this place; the latter having three men that proved themselves to be British subjects, by having proper certificates, claimed the protection of the English consul, who procured their enlargement; the fate of the others are much to be pitied, more so than if they had fallen into the hands of the Moors, who are counted far more civilised."

ANNAPOLIS, *November 17.*

The following gentlemen are elected members of the house of delegates in the general assembly, viz.

For Worcester county, Peter Chaille, John Pope Mitchell, Joseph Dashiell, and William Purnell, Esquires.

For Cæcil county, Jeremiah Baker, John Oglevee, Samuel Miller, and Nathaniel Ramsey, Esquires.

For Somerset county, John Gale, John Dashiell, William Adams, and Richard Waters, jun. Esquires.

For Caroline county, Thomas Hughlett, William Whitely, Matthew Driver, and Henry Downes, Esquires.

Messieurs printers,

A B and E O tables having lately been the subject of much conversation, you will oblige a number of your readers, by giving the following extract from the European Magazine a place in your paper.

Y. Z.

"IT is curious to observe the workings of an inexperienced heart, when it first ventures within the precincts of a gaming house. He treads the ground, as if it were in the days of enchantment, when a single step awry might engulph him for ever; or as if he were in the forbidden enclosures of a miserable rich man, who sets up steel-traps and spring-guns, and breaks the legs of his neighbours for the sake of a cabbage. The young man conceives that every eye is directed upon him, and that the wits of all the group are at work to undo him. But he is gradually reconciled to his situation, by observing that instead of suspicion, all is mirth and indifference. He sees that it is a matter of perfect unconcern, whether he plays, or does not play; whether he wins, or loses; and that he might leave the room with an empty purse, or with an additional thousand guineas, without any creature taking the smallest observation of him, whatever might be their feelings on the loss. This it is that constitutes the fascination of E O. Cash circulates so freely, and with such rapidity, the stake is so suddenly determined, and the gold makes so quick a revolution from E to O, and from O to E, that is from the banker to the player, and from the player to the banker, that there is not leisure to observe that the guinea in every single transition drops a little of its value, until at last it sinks, and rests entire in the bank

"There are many of my readers, I hope, who never did, and never will, see an E O table; my fair readers who have fineness of sentiment, and delicacy of manners, can never be seduced for a moment into such a scene; but even they may wish to know the nature of that fashionable machine, whose charms seem even to rival their own, by keeping their admirers from their feet.

"An E O table is a circular frame, with a turn-about or wheel in the middle; round this there are forty holes, marked alternately E and O. The table-keeper stands at the head of the table, and has a bank, from which he plays against the whole company. The manner of the play is this; The table-keeper turns round the wheel, and throws an ivory ball around the table, and while it revolves, the company place their stakes according to inclination, upon either one or other of the letters E or O. If the ball lodges in the letter E, the table-keeper sweeps into the bank all the money which is laid upon that letter, and pays all which is laid upon O. It frequently happens, that an equal sum is laid upon each letter, in which case the money goes from hand to hand, and the table-keeper neither wins nor loses; this being likely to happen in all cases, a contrivance is established for the benefit of the bank, which is said to be 2½ per cent. but which in fact is 5 per cent. in favour of the table, and is full 9½ against the player. It is, that out of the 40 holes, two shall be barred; and when the ball lodges in either of the two bar-holes, the bar E, or the bar O, the table-keeper receives the money staked on that letter, and pays none to the other side. Supposing then that the bars should come but twice in 40 times, which, according to the calculation, will likely be every five minutes, the advantage in favour of the table is 60 per cent. per hour, which is certainly sufficient to deter men who have any discretion, from making a practice of playing at this game.

"But since the contention between the tables has arisen to such a height, some of them have condescended to play at half bars, by which is meant that they will pay one half the sum laid on the opposite letter, when a bar-hole comes. This certainly reduces the profits of the table; but still they are beyond all reasonable bounds; and it is curious to inquire how men should be seduced to venture their money against such odds. Curiosity may lead a man to an E O table, independent of any other motive; and seeing the profusion of the table—the rapid circulation of the gold—and the extreme indifference with which the players dash into the game, and pay or receive the stake. Seeing a heap of guineas lying before one gentleman now, and in a few minutes taking their flight around the table, and just lighting before other gentlemen, as it were to take breath, before they renew their circuit, he is powerfully invited to become an actor in the scene. and he is not deterred by the apprehension of the inceslant drawback which there is upon every man that ventures, because the gradual gleanings of the bank are not easily perceived, until they are felt. But in general the commencement of gaming is necessity, as its prosecution is avarice. Having seen his neighbour or companion ascertain a large sum in a few minutes, a man remembers it in his distress, and flies to the table with a little cash, in hopes of supplying an occasional event. If he succeeds, he is but too apt to set down the gaming-table as a common resource; and if he fails, he has the consolation to reflect that it is altogether a game of chance, and he must consider his loss as more the effect of his poverty, which prevented him from continuing his play, by which he might have retrieved his luck.

"How few men are there who sit down content with their winnings or who are deterred by their loss. The only two instances which ever came to my knowledge of the kind are, the celebrated Tom King of the first, and a rich Cumberland baronet of the second. Mr. King won 3,500l. and was satisfied. The baronet lost 20,000l. and was sated. They each took an oath never to touch a dice box again. A young man having once found out the way, goes to the table as a matter of course; avarice creeps slowly into his mind—the gay manners and the easy life of a gamester make their impression, and he loves to associate with men who are so pleasant and polite. At last it becomes habitual to him; the love of play rises into a passion, and he arrives at that state of intoxication, in which neither loss nor gain have an effect upon the mind.

"How cautious then ought we to be, on our first approaches to a scene of so much delusion, and such fatal tendency! All who have been in this metropolis, have had opportunities of remarking the impression which the familiarity of this game has made upon the minds of men, and the disorders to which it has given rise."

By the COMMITTEE of GRIEVANCES and COURTS of JUSTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the committee of grievances and courts of justice will sit every day during the present session, from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3 o'clock in the afternoon.

By order,

1 W. PINKNEY, clk.

Annapolis, November 17, 1785.

THE subscribers to the DANCING-ASSEMBLY are requested to meet at Mr. Mann's on Saturday evening next at six o'clock. 1 G. Mann

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Lands for Private or Public Sale.

WHERRAS, we the subscribers, by authority of the Baltimore company, did, on the first day of July last, advertise for public sale, in the Baltimore and other news papers, several tracts of land, the property of said company, lying very near Baltimore-town; and whereas, a considerable number of very valuable lots of different sizes, well wooded, with fine prospects, and others with excellent quarries of stone, being parts of the tracts called Gorsuch, Philipsburgh, Mount Royal, and Orange, are still unsold; we do therefore now offer them to the public at private sale, on very easy terms, which will be made known and the plats shewn by the subscribers, or either of them. All such parts of the above property as may not be disposed of by private sale before the first Monday in March next, will on that day be offered at public sale, at the auction room in Baltimore-town, by

10 16 16/10 w 3

ABRAHAM VANBIBBER,
CLEMENT BROOKE,
JOHN MERRYMAN.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber has for private sale, two hundred and thirty-seven acres of well improved land, where he now lives, part of that valuable tract of land called White-Hall, which is equal to any in Anne-Arundel county, well watered and timbered, situated on the Head of South river, within ten miles of Annapolis, nine of Queen-Anne, and twenty of Baltimore-town, and within four miles of seven mills. The purchase money to be paid in five equal payments, viz. the first payment to be made on the possession being given, the second one year after the first, and so on annually till the whole is paid. Possession will be given on giving bond on interest with approved security, by

1 ROBERT JOHN SMITH.

NOTICE is hereby given, that on Monday the 28th of this instant, November, an election will be held at Annapolis for sheriff of Anne-Arundel county.

By order,

1 NICHOLAS HARWOOD, clk.
of Anne-Arundel county.

To be SOLD by AUCTION, on the premises, for cash, on Monday the 5th day of December next, J. D. Merrik

ALL the negroes, live stock, household furniture, and plantation utensils, the property of Ralph Basil, late of Anne-Arundel county, deceased.

1 10 16 ELIZABETH BASIL, administratrix.

To be SOLD, on the 10th day of December 1785, on the plantation of the late Thomas Deale, deceased, near Herring-bay,

SOME negroes, stock, consisting of horses and cattle, and household furniture. Six months credit will be given on bond with good security. w 3

10 7 16 THOMAS POWNALL, } executors.
JOSEPH DEALE, }

Prince-George's county, November 8, 1785.

On Tuesday the 6th day of December next, will be exposed to public sale, at the dwelling house of captain Tobias Belt, late of said county, deceased,

A PARCEL of likely healthy country born negroes, consisting of men, women, boys, and girls, a variety of household furniture, plantation utensils, and stock of all kinds. Three months credit will be allowed the purchasers, on giving bond with approved security. w 3

10 7 16 MARY BELT, administratrix.

Worcester county, November 8, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons concerned, that a petition will be preferred to the general assembly by the creditors of Jonathan Riggen, late of the county aforesaid, deceased, praying an act to pass to make sale of the real estate of the said Jonathan for the payment of his debts.

10 7 16

Cæcil county, Maryland, November 7, 1785

WAS left on my shore, at the head of North East river, on the second day of October last, a BOAT, supposed formerly to have been a ship's yawl; she is 15 feet keel, raised on one plank, decked, and schooner rigged, has 4 or 5 fifty-fixes on board, some made use as of an anchor; she was left by a man and woman with large bundles, and as they have not returned since it is probable they stole her. The man was a short chunky fellow, with a blue sailor's jacket, between 30 and 40 years of age; the woman appeared much older, and stoop-shouldered, very talkative, and by her dialect thought to be an Englishwoman; they had with them a black and white spotted dog. The owner, on proving his property and paying charges, may have her by applying to w 3

10 7 16 BASIL WILLIAMS.

Mattapony, St. Mary's county, October 20, 1785.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on Tuesday the 29th day of November next,

THE following parcels of very good level land, for which considerably less than the real value will be taken by the subscriber; one tract called Sewall's Discovery, containing 108 acres, about 70 of which are cleared, and under a good fence, 7 or 8 acres of meadow ground thereon partly cleared; the buildings are, a new house 20 feet by 16, lately finished for an overseer, a negro quarter, and a tobacco house 40 feet by 20, with a 10 feet shed on each side, a few apple and peach trees thereon; also 100 or 150 acres of wood land adjoining thereto, convenient for fish and oysters, &c. &c. &c. All the said land is the same quality of and adjoining to the valuable tract called and well known by the name of Mattapony Sewall, on which the subscriber now resides, in the county aforesaid, on Patuxent river, within three miles of the mouth thereof. Credit will be given for two thirds of the purchase money, on giving bonds with interest and approved security for one, two, or three years, or perhaps double that number of years as the case may be. Any person inclined to purchase may view the premises before the day of sale, by applying to w 3

NICHOLAS LEWIS SEWALL.

Tobacco, if the price can be agreed on, will be taken in payment. 2

Pursuant to the last will and testament of the late Mr. John Chew, of Anne-Arundel county, will be exposed to public sale, at his late dwelling, on Monday the 21st of November 1785, if fair, if not the next fair day, for ready money,

PART of a tract of land called Birckhead's Lot, containing forty-nine acres, more or less, adjoining to his late dwelling plantation; also negroes, consisting of one man, two women, and two children, with the crop of tobacco.

SAMUEL CHEW, executor.

N. B. The creditors are requested to attend the sale, or the property will then be sold for what may be had for it. 2 X

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground in Annapolis, which I lately bought of Nathan Hammond, and which formerly was the property of col. Hammond, and by him purchased of Thomas Larkin.

10th Oct. 1785. 1 W. PACA.

October 25, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the inhabitants of Talbot county intend to petition the next general assembly to appoint commissioners for laying out a town at the court house in said county. 2

STOLEN on the night of the first instant, from the subscriber, on Wye river, Talbot county, a white flea bitten GELDING, about 15 hands high, well formed and spirited, 9 or 10 years old, trots and canters, neither brand or mark, has a small hole in the hoof of one of his fore feet. Whoever secures the said horse within the limits of Maryland, so that I get him again, shall be paid six dollars, and if out of the state five pounds, and reasonable charges paid for bringing him home, ten pounds will be paid on apprehending the thief so that he may be brought to justice.

RICHARD GRASON.

3X

Montgomery county, May 27, 1785.

TWENTY DOLLARS REWARD.

RAN away from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 25th instant, a negro man named CESAR; he is a stout well made black fellow, aged about 25 years, his lips large and pouting, talks quick and loud when out of temper; his apparel chiefly, consisted of striped country cloth when he went away; he was purchased of Allen Quynn, Esq; has had several masters in Anne-Arundel county, where he has commonly gone by the name of Lewis's Cesar: he ran away about 15 months ago, was taken up at Mr. Resin Hammond's quarter on the Head of Severn, where he had been hired a considerable time as a free man, and was brought home about 10 days since; he probably will change his name and pass for a free man again. Whoever apprehends the said negro, and secures him so that I get him again, shall receive the above reward, and reasonable charges if brought home.

17 J. CRABB.

Prince-George's county, Maryland, Oct. 25, 1785.

ELOPED from his master, near Piscataway, a certain WALTER RANKINS, about eighteen years of age, indented to me by the court of said county till the age of twenty-one years; had on and took with him a castor hat, white linen shirt, an osnabrig ditto, a brown sheeting linen coat, speckled calico waistcoat, linen overalls, thread stockings, and new store shoes, with large pewter buckles double rim'd; he is gone in company with a certain Samuel Nevil, who says his friends live on the eastern shore of Maryland, and is noted for running about the country; the said Rankins is about five feet nine or ten inches high, of a fair complexion, and has light hair tied behind. Whoever will take up said Rankins and bring him home, or secure him in any county gaol so that his master may get him again, shall receive a reward of thirty shillings, paid by

2 w3 SAMUEL COE.

SIX DOLLARS REWARD.

Annapolis, November 1, 1785.

RAN away from the subscriber, on the first day of October last, a negro man named JEM, about 35 years of age, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, very slender made, pitted with the small pox, and has very white teeth, he is an artful fellow, and will endeavour to pass for a free man; had on when he went away, a blue half thick short coat, old buff jacket, osnabrig trousers and shirt; he took sundry other cloaths with him, which were a claret coloured cloth coat lined with white, brown corduroy jacket and breeches, white shirts, silk stockings, and black leather shoes, with open worked copper buckles. Whoever will secure the above negro in any gaol so that the subscriber may get him again, shall receive the above reward, and if brought home reasonable charges, paid by

2 JOHN C. MACKUBIN.

London-town, October 11, 1785.

THE subscriber being properly prepared for receiving a large quantity of hides and skins to tan and curry, takes this method of informing those who chuse to favour him with their custom, that they may depend on being served with punctuality and care. All hides or skins not taken away within thirteen months after they are delivered, the owners must expect to forfeit one half of the leather for tanning the other.

4 tf EDWARD SEFTON.

N. B. I have for sale a large quantity of negro shoes, which may be had on the most reasonable terms; they are likewise sold by Mr. William Wilkins, Mr Absalom Ridgely, and Mr. James West, in Annapolis.

TAKEN up as a stray, by William Hays, in Anne-Arundel county, a small black gelding, eight years old, about twelve hands high, has a snip on his nose, his off hind foot white, hanging mane and bob tail, and two wall eyes. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. w3

3X

TAKEN up as a stray, by Michael Mackinsey, a bay horse, about six years old, thirteen and a half hands high, trots and rides before, has a star in his forehead, some white on his nose, his fore feet white to his fetlocks, and has no perceivable brand. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges. w3

3X

TAKEN up as a stray, by Elly Orme, in Montgomery county, a dark bay MARE, about ten years old, shod all round, has a white spot on her off jaw, one on her near shoulder, some white on her back occasioned by a sore, and no perceivable brand. The owner may have her again on proving property and paying charges. 2 w3

SCHEME OF A LOTTERY,

FOR the disposal of fifty lots in la Fayette Village, beautifully situated at the Cool Springs in St. Mary's county, allowed by the best judges to be as advantageous a situation for a manufacturing town as any on this continent. Charlotte Hall school is now building within two hundred steps of the place. These lots are to be laid off, and the inhabitants will have the advantage of educating their children, and gentlemen at a distance will have the advantage of boarding their children in this village. The healthfulness of this place, and the virtue of the waters, are too generally known to need a description. The drawing will be performed under the inspection and by the directions of Messieurs Henry Tubman, William and John Cartwright, and Hanson Briscoe, managers, who will see the prizes punctually paid, and the lots conveyed to the fortunate adventurers; prizes not called for in six months will be deemed generously given to Charlotte Hall school. The drawing will commence at the Cool Springs on the tenth day of January 1786, or sooner if full, and the fortunate numbers will be inserted in the Annapolis and Alexandria news-papers.

The scheme is as follows: Fifty lots, to contain sixty feet front and one hundred feet back each, subject to a ground-rent of one penny per foot, and five shillings to be paid on every alienation, with so much woodland as annexed to each number.

1 is an improved lot with 10 acres of wood, value		£. 300
2 unimproved ditto with 5 acres ditto ditto		150
4 ditto ditto ditto	2½	160
8 ditto ditto ditto	1	184
16 ditto ditto ditto	½	160
19 ditto ditto feet by 100	60	95
50 Lots		
450 Prizes at 20s and the first drawn 20s		451
500 Prizes		£. 1500 0 0
2000 Tickets at 15s.		£. 1500 0 0

XL 3

Prince-George's county, November 7, 1785.

TO be run for over the course at Queen-Anne, on Thursday the 24th instant, a PURSE of THIRTY POUNDS, free for any horse, mare, or gelding, carrying weight agreeable to the rules of the Annapolis jockey club; the best two in three heats, six times round to a heat, which will be between three and four miles.

And on the day following the entrance money of both days, with what more may be made up, supposed to be ten guineas, for four and three years old; four years old carrying ninety-eight, three years old a feather; the best two in three heats, three times round to each heat.

Each horse, &c starting the first day to pay thirty shillings, and those on the second fifteen.

To be entered the day preceding the race, with Marsh M. Duvall. Three horses to start each day or no race.

2X

St. Mary's county, October 8, 1785.

THE subscribers having become securities for Joseph Burroughs to the state of Maryland, for the payment of a tract of land in Culverton manor, Charles county, the said Burroughs having absconded without leaving effects sufficient to discharge the aforesaid debt: Notice is hereby given, that we intend to petition the next general assembly, for leave to sell the land purchased of the state by the aforesaid Burroughs. 8 w

6 JAMES CHAPPELEAR, THOMAS LOCK.

September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to pass a law to empower the justices of Somerset county court, to extend the causeway through the marsh on the south side of Wiccomico river, opposite the lower ferry, and to build a bridge across a small creek over which the road must pass, and also to build a wharf at the end of the said causeway.

Somerset, September 1, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be preferred to the next general assembly, to lay out a new road beginning at Samuel Smith's, on the road leading from Back creek to Stevens's ferry, thence through the swamp between the lands of Samuel Smith and William Miles, Nehemiah King and William Mitchell, David Wilson and Jesse King, till it intersects the road leading from Miles's mill up the Pocosin's.

September 20, 1785.

NOTICE is hereby given, that we intend preferring a petition to the next general assembly of this state, to empower us to make sale of certain lands being in the counties of Washington, Frederick, Prince-George's, and Charles, the property of the heirs of Dr. Adam Thompson, deceased.

JOHN HAWKINS, LILBURN WILLIAMS.

Office for confiscated estates, Annapolis, October 21, 1785.

On Monday the 21st of November next, will be sold, at Mr. M'Candless's, in Baltimore-town, the undermentioned confiscated property, which belonged to the Nottingham and Principio companies, to wit:

THAT part of the White Marsh plantation which lies below the road, and was purchased at a former sale by John Hammond Cromwell. Lot No. 78, containing 219¼ acres. No. 6, 66¼ acres. No. 70, 212½ acres, in the neighbourhood of Baltimore-town. Also 7 acres of valuable meadow adjoining Baltimore-town, which belonged to James Christie. And lot No. 76 of My Lady's Manor, containing 114¾ acres.

At Frederick-town, on Saturday the 26th of November, will be sold, sundry lots of Monocacy Manor, to wit: Lot No. 29, 138 acres. No. 36, 252 acres. No 63, 133 acres.

The property will be sold for current money, or any specie state certificates, payable on the first day of January 1790, with interest annually. Bond with approved security to be given on the day of sale.

4X CLEMENT HOLLYDAY, GABRIEL DUVALL.

To be SOLD, to the highest bidder, at the house of the subscriber, opposite Alexandria, on Monday the 28th of November, if fair, if not the next fair day,

ALL the personal estate of George Frazier Hawkins, Esq; deceased, consisting of negroes of different ages and sexes, cattle, sheep, hogs, and horses, and a variety of household furniture. Six months credit, with bond and good security, will be given for all sums above twenty-five shillings.

All persons who have claims against the estate, are requested to bring them in legally proved, and all those who are indebted to the same, will, by discharging them, much oblige their humble servant,

4X SUSANNA T. HAWKINS, executrix.

Annapolis, October 1, 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm my right and title in a lot of ground, in the precincts of Annapolis, which I formerly bought of a certain colonel Charles Hammond, and which was by him purchased of a certain Thomas Larkin, of Anne-Arundel county. w8

5 NATHAN HAMMOND.

September 2, 1785,

NOTICE is hereby given, that a petition will be presented to the next general assembly of Maryland, praying that a law may pass to convey in fee simple, part of two tracts of land, St. Andrew's Cross and the Fork, lying in Kent county, late the property of William Haley, deceased, and now in part belonging to minors incapable of making a legal title.

6

October 10 1785.

THIS is to give notice to all whom it may concern, that I intend to apply to the general assembly at their next session, for a law to confirm the right and title of all those lands in and near the city of Annapolis, which were formerly the property of Thomas Bordley, and which have remained in the possession of his devisees and heirs for upwards of sixty years last past. 8 w

6 MATTHIAS BORDLEY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next general assembly for restitution of, or compensation for, that part of his confiscated property which remains unsold.

4 HENRY ADDISON.

THE subscriber intends to prefer a petition on behalf of Mrs. Elizabeth Wilson, to the next general assembly, for a restitution of her property.

8X EDWARD FENWICK.

Annapolis, September 27, 1785.

THE subscriber intends to petition the next general assembly to confirm and make valid a certain instrument of writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of his late father.

8X BEALE HAMMOND.

Piscataway, October 26, 1785,

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC SALE, on the premises, on Tuesday the 6th of December, if fair, if not the next fair day,

PART of a tract of land called Major's Choice, lying near Piscataway, containing one hundred and eight acres; the improvements are, a good dwelling house, a small apple orchard, with sundry other fruit trees, and some few acres of good meadow. Twelve months credit will be given, on giving bond on interest with good security from the day of sale. w3

3X ELIZABETH WHEELER.

Annapolis, November 1, 1785.

ALL persons indebted to James Ringgold for dealings in his store are requested to call and settle their accounts, either by payment or bond, by the first day of January next, as the business from that time will be carried on under the firm of James and Peregrine Ringgold; he hopes compliance will be paid to the above request, which will prevent trouble to him and his friends. 3

The subscriber has just imported a large and extensive assortment of books, stationary, jewelry, &c.

AMONG which are, books in history, biography, poetry, voyages, and travels, &c. medical philosophical, and political, with a great collection of novels, most of them in elegant bindings; folio, quarto, octavo, and pocket bibles; English and French prayer books; manuals, hymns, psalters, &c. large and small testaments; Dilworth's, Dyche's, Watts's, and Fisher's spelling books; Wettenhall's Latin and Greek grammars; Brightland's, Priestley's, Greenwood's, and other English grammars; Johnson's, Bailey's, and Dyche's, and other dictionaries; superfine thick and thin folio and quarto post, thick and thin gilt and black edge ditto, foolscap, and pot writing paper; blue and demy blotting and brown paper; large royal broad folio, medium, demy, and foolscap legers, ruled and plain, with proper alphabets, bound in rough calf; long and broad folio, quarto, demy, and foolscap account books; common-place books, neatly bound and clasped; demy and foolscap, long and broad, ruled and plain, folio and quarto waste and day books, in marble covers; demy and foolscap red leather memorandum books, ruled and plain, interleaved, &c. large and small superfine message cards; demy and foolscap paper cases; large and small drawing and copy books; paste board files; marble palettes; lead note presses, round and flat rulers; paint shells and painting brushes; square and round pewter and lead ink stands; ivory and polished leather ink pots; large and best English and Dutch pens and quills; large and small slates, with slate pencils; a great variety of the most fashionable and superb large and small gentlemen and ladies etwee cases, with silver edges and locks; demy and foolscap red Morocco and black Liverpool stropt pocket books; asses skin memorandum books of various sizes; gentlemen and ladies writing and shaving boxes; black leather pocket ditto; fine razors and razor strops; shaving boxes, with fine scented soap; black hair riband and pins; fine tortoiseshell and other large and small tooth combs; tooth-pick cases and brushes; fine enamelled with cut glass smelling bottles; nutmeg graters, and needle case ditto; elegant tortoiseshell and fine polished leather silver mounted snuff boxes; paper and japan'd ditto; a great variety of ladies set and paste shoe buckles; gentlemens set knee ditto; paste breast pins; gold lockets, rings, and ear-rings; gold and silver vellum lace; elegant gold and silver spangled buttons; sleeve ditto; gilt and fine steel watch chains, and seals with elegant cyphers; cane strings; fine sliding silk purses; gentlemens fine beaver gloves; plated shoe and knee buckles; metal and pinchbeck ditto; plated and steel spurs; fine ivory and black horn table knives and forks; sugar nippers; fine pen-knives with cases; scissars; temple spectacles; cork-screws, &c. a great variety of childrens red and green Morocco pumps; little histories, &c. drawing instruments with surgeons lancets; German flutes and instructors for ditto; fowling pieces, and silver mounted pistols; elegant æquatintoes, mezzotintoes, and engraved prints, some of them executed in a masterly manner; charts of the Chesapeake bay, and maps of North-America on cloth and framed; a great assortment of plays and farces; fine shining patent blacking cakes; buckle brushes; fishing hooks and lines; gentlemens elastic hat bands; lawyers red tape; black lead pencils; superfine sealing wax and wafers; gold leaf, &c.

STEPHEN CLARK.

N. B. Binding in all its various branches, port folios of all sorts and sizes executed in a neat and elegant manner, and on the shortest notice, by S. C.

Talbot court-house, July 4, 1785.

To be LET, for a term of years,

THE plantation of the subscriber, now in possession of Clement Hollyday, Esq; with six working negroes; it contains about three hundred and twelve acres; the soil good and situation healthy and pleasant, and convenient to one of the best markets for the seller in the United States; there will be a quantity of wheat sowed this fall. Possession will be given the first day of January next. No person need apply who will not give approved security for payment of the rents and performance of the covenants to be made, if required. For terms apply to Mr. Thomas Hyde, in Annapolis, or to the subscriber.

tf DAVID KERR.

THE subscribers have imported, in the Essex and Samuel, captain James Mitchell, from London, a large assortment of GOODS suitable to the season, amongst which are a very great choice of MANCHESTRY and some FASHIONABLE SILKS.

They will dispose of the goods they have on hand, with those now imported, at wholesale, much to the advantage of the purchaser, as a considerable part may be had on a credit of two or three years, upon having the payment secured, and so far as is necessary punctually complied with as will enable them to comply with the payments to their correspondents in London. The goods are all fresh and good in quality. Should the purchaser be desirous of carrying on business in Annapolis, the store now kept by them on the Dock may be had with the goods.

8w THO. & BENJ. HARWOOD.

A LIST of LETTERS remaining in the Post-Office, Annapolis, which, if not taken up before the fifth day of January next, will be sent to the General Post Office as dead letters.

HENRY ARMSTRONG, Salisbury township; Mr. All, Mrs. Annis, Mr. Ashmead, Peregrine Asque, Annapolis.

Thomas Bourke, Cambridge; James Berry, Choptank; Basil Brown, Queen's-town; Alexander Bell, Lower Marlborough; Samuel Baldwin, Talbot; Monsieur le captain Boyent, Jesse Bowlin, Stephen Bullock, Annapolis.

Rev. Mr. Cutting, Snow-hill; John Cowman, South river; Joseph Cowman, West river; Thomas Crackels, Port-Tobacco; Richard Bennet Carmichael, Wye river; Samuel Chew, Herring-bay; Joshua Clarke, near Queen-Anne; Nicholas Carberry (2), Henry Carberry, St. Mary's county; John Callahan, Jeremiah T. Chase (2), Annapolis.

John Davidson, Anne Dowds, Lewis Devow, Annapolis.

James Elsey, jun. Somerset coutny; John Eversfield, near Nottingham.

Captain James Fenwick, St. Mary's county.

Joshua George, sen. Kent county.

Robert Harrison, Cambridge; David Hart, Kent county; Thomas Hicks, Dorchester county; Hugh Hopkins, Talbot county; William Hamilton, Charles county; Philip Hall, John Hall, near Annapolis; James Harper, John Henry, Monsieur John Hall, hon. R. H. Harrison, Annapolis.

The Justices of St. Mary's county; Thomas Jordan, Talbot county; Edward Jones, Port-Tobacco; Thomas Johnson, Calvert county; John Johnson, Thomas Jennings, Mr. Ireland, Denton Jacques, Annapolis.

William Kirkpatrick, Charles county; John Kilty, John Kirkham, Annapolis.

J. Linley, Snow-hill; Robert Lamar, Queen-Anne; Robert Lilburn, St. Mary's county; William Leigh, near Port-Tobacco; George Lewis, Annapolis.

John Booker Meek, Charles county; Dr. Charles Mayer, Queen-Anne's county; Austin Milburn, James Martin, St. Mary's county; Mrs. Manson, Elizabeth Montasque, Berian Maybury, Annapolis.

Alexander Ogg, Calvert county.

Messieurs N. and V. Peers (2), Port-Tobacco; James Priestley, Calvert county; Charles Philipshill, Salisbury.

William Ross, Vienna; Littleton Robins, John Purnell Robins, Sinnepuxent; Sarah Rencher, Charles county; Mary Rose, Annapolis.

Henry Summerill, Queen's-town.

Alexander Trueman, Annapolis.

John Voss, Caroline county.

William Wakely, Benedict; Levin Wails, Patuxent; Arnold Wilekens, St. Mary's county; Mrs. Wilson (2), Joseph Wilkinson, Calvert county.

Parker Young, Calvert county.

F. GREEN, D. P. M.

Lands at Private Sale.

To be SOLD by the subscriber, at private sale,

TWO very valuable tracts of land, situate and lying as follows, viz: one on the Head of South river, within three miles of navigable water on said river, and about the same distance from the river Patuxent, containing about 800 acres, well adapted for corn, wheat, or tobacco, and particularly the latter, it is well watered and timbered, and has a very good mill stream running through it; some meadow ground, and much more may be made; its improvements are, an exceeding good dwelling house with three large rooms on each floor, a kitchen and quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, two very fine apple orchards, together with a number of other very valuable fruit trees.

One other tract, containing nearly the same quantity of acres, lying within five miles of the above, situate in the fork of the river Patuxent, and commonly known by the name of the Fork Quarter, or Duvall's Range; several saw mills might be erected to great advantage, it being better wooded than any land within many miles; at least 200 acres of very excellent meadow may be made; its improvements are, a dwelling house, quarter, corn house, stable, tobacco house, also two apple orchards. No person need apply that cannot pay down at least two thirds of the purchase money for either of the above tracts of land; for the remaining third part twelve months credit will be allowed, on giving bond with approved security.

THOMAS RUTLAND.

October 20, 1785.

LOST or stolen from my pocket, in Marlborough, the 5th instant, a red Morocco POCKET BOOK, containing an agreement between Mr. James Perry and myself for a tract of land, a bond for conveyance of said land, two final settlement certificates, signed by Mr. John Peirce, commissioner for settling the accounts of the army, and countersigned John White, D. C. dated the first of February 1785, viz.

No. 89,456—1573 1/10 Dollars, on interest from the first of January 1783.

No. 89,457—155 81/90 Dollars, on interest from March 1783.

I have taken proper methods to prevent any persons imposing the certificates on the continental treasurer, and the bonds can be of no service; I therefore will take it a particular favour of any person to return said certificates, besides a reward of eight dollars, paid by w6

SAMUEL B. BEALL.

October 14, 1785.

RAN away from Queen-Anne, on Monday the 10th instant, CHRISTOPHER SEAHORN, he is a well looking man, about 23 years of age, his cloathing not known, he is a young fellow who professes the dexterity of hand, and has been with a woman whom he calls his mother, and one Thompson, with Bailey's puppets; he took with him a young bay mare, about 13 and a half hands high, with a long tail, trots and gallops, and has no other gait. Whoever secures him and the mare shall be paid for their their trouble four pounds ten shillings, or four dollars for the mare alone, he is a villain, and it is to be hoped every good person will do their best endeavours to secure him; he likewise stole a parcel of cloaths from his companion which I cannot describe.

MARSH M. DUVALL.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, lying in Tulley's Neck, Queen-Anne's county, containing 1100 acres, divided and rented out at present in three tenements; it will be sold separately, in tenements, or all together; it is good farming land, well wooded and watered, with a fine bottom of a mile and a half extent running through the land, capable of being improved into fine meadow, in a good neighbourhood, convenient to church and mills, and distant from the court house six, and from Chestertown twelve miles. The whole, or any tenement of the above tract, will be sold for specie, or any specie state certificates taken in payment, upon credit, with bond and good security, until the first day of January 1790. Apply to William Ringgold, of Chester-town, or the subscriber, tf

JAMES RINGGOLD.

To be SOLD, at PUBLIC VENDUE, on Monday the 16th of January next, at the plantation of the late William Thomas, near Annapolis,

ABOUT twenty negroes, consisting of men, women, and children, among which are valuable plantation and house servants, also the stock of horses, black cattle, sheep, and hogs, with plantation utensils.

At same time will be exposed to sale, two thirds of that beautiful plantation, lying on the Mouth of South river, three miles from Annapolis, of about 800 acres in the whole, nearly half cleared, and of very good quality, producing fine tobacco, corn, wheat, rye, and oats, with some meadow in timothy, and more may be made at a small expence. Six months credit will be given to the purchasers of the land and negroes, on giving bond with approved security.

MARY THOMAS.

P. S. The other third of the abovementioned plantation being dower land, will be sold or rented on the day of sale, as may be then agreed on with the purchaser of the two thirds, and should there be no sale, the whole will be rented and possession given immediately.

M. T.

TO BE SOLD,

A TRACT of land, containing about 1300 acres, which will be disposed of by the whole tract, or laid off in convenient lots, as will best suit those who are inclined to purchase; the land is situated near the Fork of Patuxent, about 16 miles from Annapolis, 18 from Baltimore, and 6 from the Indian Landing; it is well adapted to farming or planting, is well timbered, and has the advantage of more than 100 acres of meadow ground, which can be improved at a small expence, as above 60 acres are cleared and ditched; the soil and improvements will be shewn by the overseer on the place, and the terms may be known, by applying to the subscriber, in Annapolis,

JAMES STEUART.

July 5, 1785.

RAN away, this morning, from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, near Queen-Anne, a negro man named POMPEY, about five feet eight or ten inches high, twenty-five years of age, very black and smooth faced, stammers in his speech; had on when he went away, a white mixt and a pair of new striped holland trousers; it is probable he may change his name and dress, as he took with him other cloaths, and pass for a free man; it is likely he will either make for Annapolis or Baltimore-town, and endeavour to get on board some vessel, as he has formerly been used to this bay. Whoever takes up said negro, and secures him in any gaol so that I may get him again, shall receive a reward of five pounds, paid by

ROBERT SANDERS.

Montgomery county, August 20, 1785.

THERE is in the rev. Mr. Williamson's enclosure, a stray red steer, with large a star in his forehead, has a swallow fork in the right and an under bit in the left ear. The owner may have him again on proving property and paying charges.

ALEXANDER ALLEN, manager.

ANNAPOLIS: Printed by F. and S. GREEN, at the POST-OFFICE, Charles-Street.